1) Use the following data: $\{5,7,8,10,12,15,17,20,30,31,22,25,28,33,34,35,39,40\}$ (list Ques1)
a. Find the Mean, Median, Range, IQR, and Standard deviation.
b. Create a boxplot of the data
c. Suppose we add the data point 62 to this set of data. Indicate how each of the statistics in part (a) would change: increase, decrease, or stay about the same.
2) The following are quiz scores from two Algebra 1 Classes.

Class 1: $\{68,93,53,100,77,86,91,88,72,74,66,82\}$ and Class 2: $\{77,91,82,68,75,72,85,65,70,79,94,86\}$
a. Compare the means of the class scores. Which would you rather be in?
b. Compare the standard deviations. Which class was more consistent in their scores?
3) Based solely on the mean and median given, decide on the shape of the distribution, and what measure of center and spread you would report.
(a) Mean = 100
(b) Mean = 20
(c) Mean = 934
Median = 98
Median = 41
Median $=850$
4) Use the following set of data:
$\{3,4,4,4,5,6,6,7,8,10,11,11,16,17,20,25,28,30,31,39,45,59,68,73\}$ (list Ques4)
a. Look at (not draw) a histogram of the data (just use Zoom 9, no need to adjust the window).
b. Describe the distribution (be sure to use the correct measure of center and spread)
c. Are there any outliers present? Justify your answer.
5) Give a set of numbers that would have a standard deviation of 0
6) The Presidents of the USA and their Age of Death (list PRES). Look at the Relative Frequency Histogram and describe the distribution.


Presidents Ages of Death

Description:

